

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/092,598	03/08/2002	Jose Cibelli	60141.0068USU1 1067 EXAMINER		
23552	7590 08/11/2004				
MERCHANT & GOULD PC			BERTOGLIO, VALARIE E		
P.O. BOX 2903 MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55402-0903			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1632		
			DATE MAILED: 08/11/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•	
æ	`
~	L
0	ì
- 1	,

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/092,598	CIBELLI, JOSE	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	- <u></u>
	Valarie Bertoglio	1632	
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet w	th the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a replevable of the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statuth Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a lily within the statutory minimum of thin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON a, cause the application to become AB	eply be timely filed y (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communic ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	cation.
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 04 J	<u>une 2004</u> .		
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ This	s action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	•	• •	ts is
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D	. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
 4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-72 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) 1-72 are subject to restriction and/or 	wn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine			
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	` '
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in A rity documents have been u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage	·
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🖂 Jaton i av. 0	ummary (PTO-413)	
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-992) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	Paper No(s	ummary (P10-413))/Mail Date formal Patent Application (PTO-152)	

Art Unit: 1632

DETAILED ACTION

After further consideration, the previous Election/Restriction mailed 01/06/2004 has been vacated and replaced with the instant office action.

Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- I. Claims 7 and 25-27, drawn to a method of making a mammalian nuclear transfer embryo comprising isolating a mammalian cell to be used as a nuclear transfer donor and genetically engineering said cell by knocking out a gene required for differentiation into a particular lineage, classified in class 800, subclass 24.
- II. Claim 8, drawn to a method of making a mammalian nuclear transfer embryo comprising isolating a mammalian cell to be used as a nuclear transfer donor and genetically engineering said cell by recombinantly inserting a suicide gene operably linked to a specific promoter, classified in class 800, subclass 24.
- III. Claims 9-20,28-50,53 and 70-72, drawn to a method of making a mammalian nuclear transfer embryo comprising isolating a mammalian cell to be used as a nuclear transfer donor and genetically engineering said cell by stably transfecting said cell with at least one oligonucleotide that encodes an RNA molecule that interferes with the expression of a gene, classified in class 800;536, subclass 24,24.5.

Art Unit: 1632

- IV. Claims 52,54,66-68, drawn to a tissue engineered from differentiated cells
 and methods of transplanting the tissue, classified in class 435, subclass
 1.1.
- V. Claims 55-62, drawn to a method of making a mammalian nuclear transfer embryo comprising isolating a mammalian cell to be used as a nuclear transfer donor and genetically engineering said cell by knocking out a gene required for differentiation into a particular lineage and correcting a harmful gene or adding a therapeutic gene, classified in class 800;424, subclass 24,93.1.
- VI. Claims 63-65, drawn to a method of therapy using cells that are derived from a genetically modified nuclear transfer embryo, classified in class 424, subclass 93.21.

Claims 1-6,21-24,51 and 69 link(s) inventions I-III. The restriction requirement to the linked inventions is subject to the nonallowance of the linking claim(s), claims 1-6,21-24,51 and 69. Upon the allowance of the linking claim(s), the restriction requirement as to the linked inventions shall be withdrawn and any claim(s) depending from or otherwise including all the limitations of the allowable linking claim(s) will be entitled to examination in the instant application. Applicant(s) are advised that if any such claim(s) depending from or including all the limitations of the allowable linking claim(s) is/are presented in a continuation or divisional application, the claims of the continuation or divisional application may be subject to provisional statutory and/or nonstatutory double patenting rejections over the claims of the instant application.

Art Unit: 1632

Where a restriction requirement is withdrawn, the provisions of 35 U.S.C. 121 are no longer applicable. *In re Ziegler*, 44 F.2d 1211, 1215, 170 USPQ 129, 131-32 (CCPA 1971). See also MPEP § 804.01.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

The methods of each of inventions I-III are materially different and plurally independent from each other because each is practiced with materially different process steps and technical considerations and requires materially distinct protocols and reagents. The methods of Invention I require knocking out a gene, using gene-targeting technology. The methods of Invention II require random transgene insertion technology. The methods of Invention III require RNAi or antisense RNA technology. No one method is required for the other. Each method results in a materially distinct embryo.

The methods of each of Inventions I-III and of Invention IV are materially different and plurally independent from each other because each is practiced with materially different process steps and technical considerations and requires materially distinct protocols and reagents. Inventions I-III and Invention IV are patentably distinct because the methods of Inventions I-III can be used to generate a nuclear transfer embryo while the methods of Invention IV can be used to transplant tissue. The methods of Inventions I-III are not necessary for those of Invention IV. Inventions I-III are each classified differently from Invention IV. The burden required to search any of Inventions I-III and Invention IV together would be undue.

The methods of each of Inventions I-III and of Invention V are materially different and plurally independent from each other because each is practiced with materially different process steps and technical considerations and requires materially

Art Unit: 1632

distinct protocols and reagents. Inventions I-III and Invention V are patentably distinct because the methods of Inventions I-III can be used to generate a nuclear transfer embryo while the methods of Invention V can be used to make cells for use in gene therapy. The methods of Inventions I-III are not necessary for those of Invention V. Inventions I-III are each classified differently from Invention V. The burden required to search any of Inventions I-III and Invention V together would be undue.

Inventions I-III and Invention VI are patentably distinct because the methods of Inventions I-III can be used to generate a nuclear transfer embryo while the methods of Invention VI can be used to treat disease. The methods of Inventions I-III are not necessary for those of Invention VI. Inventions I-III are each classified differently from Invention VI. The burden required to search any of Inventions I-III and Invention VI together would be undue.

The methods of each of Inventions IV and V are materially different and plurally independent from each other because each is practiced with materially different process steps and technical considerations and requires materially distinct protocols and reagents. The methods of Invention IV involve transplant of a tissue. The methods of Invention V involve making a nuclear transfer embryo comprising a therapeutic genetic modification. The methods of Invention IV are not necessary for those of Invention V. Invention IV is classified differently from Invention V. The burden required to search Inventions VI and V together would be undue.

The methods of each of Inventions IV and VI are materially different and plurally independent from each other because each is practiced with materially different process steps and technical considerations and requires materially distinct protocols and reagents.

Art Unit: 1632

The methods of Invention IV involve transplant of a tissue. The methods of Invention VI

involve treatment of a disease state using cells. The methods of Invention IV are not

necessary for those of Invention VI. Invention IV is classified differently from Invention

VI. The burden required to search Inventions IV and VI together would be undue.

The methods of each of Inventions V and VI are materially different and plurally

independent from each other because each is practiced with materially different process

steps and technical considerations and requires materially distinct protocols and reagents.

The methods of Invention V involve making a nuclear transfer embryo comprising a

therapeutic genetic modification. The methods of Invention VI involve treatment of a

disease state using cells that do not comprise a therapeutic genetic modification. The

methods of Invention V are not necessary for those of Invention VI. Invention V is

classified differently from Invention VI. The burden required to search Inventions V and

VI together would be undue.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have

acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter,

restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must

include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be

traversed (37 CFR 1.143).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Valarie Bertoglio whose telephone number is (571) 272-

0725. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thurs 5:30-4:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Amy Nelson can be reached on (571) 272-0804. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Valarie Bertoglio Examiner Art Unit 1632

C)al Waitad